An exciting option in contraception...



Talk to your doctor about estrogen-free Slynd® for pregnancy prevention today!

Slynd* is the only estrogen-free oral contraceptive with a 24-hour missed pill window.^{a,1}

^aIf you miss a pill, take it as soon as you remember and then continue taking a pill each day at the same time.

IMPORTANT RISK INFORMATION

What is SLYND?

Slynd* is a birth control pill (oral contraceptive) that is used by females who can become pregnant to prevent pregnancy.

The progestin drospirenone may increase potassium levels in your blood. You should not take Slynd* if you have kidney, liver or adrenal disease because this could cause serious heart problems as well as other health problems. Other medicines may also increase potassium levels in your blood.

Please see Important Risk Information on pages 6-7

Reference: 1. Slynd® package insert.



What hormones are in Slynd® (drospirenone) 4mg tablets?

Slynd® is an oral contraceptive used to prevent pregnancy that only contains a progestin called drospirenone and does not contain any estrogen.¹

Things to consider¹

There are many considerations that go into selecting a birth control that is right for you. These can include:

- wanting to avoid unnecessary hormones
- you are concerned about your high BMI
- having an estrogen-related health risk

Is Slynd® right for me?

With Slynd®, you can avoid unnecessary hormones and also have a pill that is highly effective in women with high Body Mass Index (BMI). Additionally, Slynd® does not contain estrogen if you have estrogen-related health risks, and it has a 24-hour missed pill window³ to accommodate a busy life. This provides the margin you need to be successful on Slynd®.

^a If you miss a pill, take it as soon as you remember and then continue taking a pill each day at the same time.

Will Slynd® affect my bleeding?

Women who took Slynd® in clinical trials experienced unscheduled bleeding during the first 3 months of use. This resolved in most women over time, with some women not having bleeding at all.^b

^b In clinical studies, 3.5% of patients dropped out due to bleeding irregularities.

Reference: 1. Slynd® package insert. 2. MacGregor A. Prescriber. 2017:19-26.

What questions should I ask my doctor?



- **1** Start by asking your doctor how you can determine what birth control method is right for you.
- **2** Find out the difference between pills that contain estrogen versus those that do not.
- **3** If you are conscious of the hormones you put in your body and prefer to avoid any unnecessary hormones in your birth control, ask your doctor about estrogen-free Slynd®.
- **4** Ask about what your periods will be like when taking Slynd®.
- **5** Ask about Slynd®'s safety profile as well as oral contraceptives.
- **6** Ask about Slynd®'s dosing window compared to other progestin products.
- **7** Ask how to take Slynd® if you are switching from another method of
- 8 Discuss how effective Slynd® is in preventing pregnancy and how quickly your protection will begin after starting on Slynd®.

birth control.



Important Risk Information

Do not take Slynd® if you:

- · have kidney disease or kidney failure
- have reduced adrenal gland function (adrenal insufficiency)
- have or have had cervical cancer or any cancer that is sensitive to female hormones
- have liver disease, including liver tumors
- have unexplained vaginal bleeding

Tell your healthcare provider if you have or have had any of these conditions. Your healthcare provider can suggest a different method of birth control.

If any of these conditions happen while you are taking Slynd, stop taking Slynd* right away and talk to your healthcare provider. Use non-hormonal contraception when you stop taking Slynd.

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Slynd® (drospirenone) tablets, 4mg is appropriate for most women...

"Some contraceptives may not be appropriate for my body type."



"For breastfeeding moms, our only oral birth control pill options had tight dosing schedules offering no flexibility if we forget."



For all body types

Not every oral contraceptive may be fully effective for certain women. Slynd® was studied in a range of body types, including overweight women.¹ With Slynd®, you have contraception that is effective without the added worry of estrogen-related side effects..

For breastfeeding and beyond

When you are breastfeeding,² an oral contraceptive containing estrogen is out of the question. Slynd® provides you with effective estrogen-free contraception with a flexible 24-hour window to catch up on a missed pill.¹a Slynd® fits your lifestyle while you're breastfeeding and even once you stop.

of you miss a pill, take it as soon as you remember and then continue taking a pill each day at the same time.



"When it comes to medication, I prefer a 'less is more' approach and, for birth control, I would like to avoid unnecessary hormones as much as possible."



"I have heart problems, so my doctor prescribed a contraceptive pill without estrogen, but the tight 3-hour dosing window stresses me out."

For women avoiding unnecessary hormones

Effective birth control is what you need. Extra hormones, not so much. Slynd®, an estrogen-free progestin-only oral contraceptive, may fit your needs.

References: 1. Slynd® package insert. 2. Data on file.

Important Risk Information (cont'd)

Before you take Slynd, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- are pregnant or think you may be pregnant
- have ever had blood clots in your legs, lungs, a stroke, or a heart attack
- have high levels of potassium in your blood or take chronic medications that may increase blood potassium concentrations

For women with cardiovascular risks

Estrogen is never a good choice if you are a smoker or you have cardiovascular risks. Estrogen-free Slynd® can provide you with effective birth control that may fit your contraceptive needs.²

Tell your doctor about all of the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins and herbal upplements, such as St. John's Wort.

Slynd® may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how well Slynd® works.

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Important Risk Information

Slynd does not protect against HIV infection (AIDS) and other sexually transmitted diseases (STDs).

What is Slynd?

SLYND is a birth control pill (oral contraceptive) that is used by females who can become pregnant to prevent pregnancy.

The progestin drospirenone may increase potassium levels in your blood. You should not take SLYND if you have kidney, liver or adrenal disease because this could cause serious heart problems as well as other health problems. Other medicines may also increase potassium levels in your blood. If you are currently on daily, long-term treatment for a chronic health condition with any of the medicines listed below, talk to your healthcare provider about whether SLYND is right for you. If you take any of the medicines listed below for a chronic health condition you should have a blood test to check the potassium level in your blood before you start taking SLYND and during the first month that you take SLYND.

- medicines to treat fungal infections, such as ketoconazole, itraconazole, or voriconazole
- medicines to treat Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection or Hepatitus C infection, such as indinavir or boceprevir
- clarithromycin

Do not take SLYND if you:

- · have kidney disease or kidney failure.
- have reduced adrenal gland function.
- have or have had cervical cancer or any cancer that is sensitive to female hormones.
- · have liver disease, including liver tumors.
- · have unexplained vaginal bleeding.

Tell your healthcare providers if you have or have had any of these conditions. Your healthcare provider can suggest a different method of birth control.

If any of these conditions happen while you are taking SLYND, stop taking SLYND right away and talk to your healthcare provider. Use non-hormonal contraception when you stop taking SLYND.

Before you take SLYND, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- are pregnant or think you may be pregnant.
- have ever had blood clots in your legs (deep vein thrombosis), lungs (pulmonary embolism), or a stroke or heart attack (myocardial infarction).
- · have or have had depression.

Tell your healthcare providers about all the medicines you take including prescription and over-the- counter medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements, such as St. John's Wort.

SLYND may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how well SLYND works.

What are the possible serious side effects of SLYND?

SLYND may cause serious side effects, including:

- High potassium levels in your blood (hyperkalemia). Certain medicines and conditions can also increase the potassium levels in your blood. Your healthcare provider may check the potassium levels in your blood before and during treatment with SLYND. Call your healthcare provider or go to a hospital emergency room right away if you have signs or symptoms of high potassium levels in your blood including:
 - o weakness or numbness in an arm or leg.
 - o palpitations (feel like your heart is racing or fluttering) or irregular heartbeat.
 - o nausea.
 - o vomiting.
 - o severe pain in your chest.
 - o shortness of breath.
- Blood clot forming in blood vessels. Tell your healthcare provider if you have had a blood clot. Tell your healthcare provider if you plan to have surgery or are not able to be active due to illness or injury. Call your healthcare provider or go to a hospital or emergency room right away if you have:
 - o leg pain that will not go away.
 - o a sudden, severe headache unlike your usual headaches.
 - sudden, severe shortness of breath.
 - sudden change in vision or blindness.
 - o chest pain.
 - o weakness or numbness in your arm or leg.
 - trouble speaking.
- Bone loss.
- Cervical Cancer.
- Liver problems, including liver tumors.
- Ectopic pregnancy (pregnancy in your tubes). This is a medical emergency that oTen requires surgery. If you have severe abdominal pain, call your healthcare provider or go to a hospital emergency room right away.
- Risk of high blood sugar levels in people with diabetes.
- Changes in menstrual bleeding. Tell your doctor if you have changes in menstrual bleeding.
- Depression, especially if you have had depression in the past What are the most common side effects of SLYND?

- acne
- headache
- breast pain and tenderness
- weight gain
- menstrual cramps
- nausea
- severe vaginal bleeding
- · less sexual desire

These are not all the possible side effects of SLYND.

This is not all of the important information about SLYND. Read the enclosed (or click here for digital materials) full patient leaflet before starting SLYND.

Please see the full Prescribing Information.

Slynd savings program (drospirenone) tablets, 4mg









SLYND.COM

Text SLYND to 31700



Scan the QR code or visit **slynd.com** for more information.

Offer not valid for patients enrolled in Medicare, Medicaid, or any other federal or state healthcare program. See Program Terms, Conditions, and Eligibility Criteria.



Slynd (drospirenone) tablets, 4mg





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